## **Calgary Depression Scale for Schizophrenia (CDSS)**

Interviewer: Ask the first question as written. Use follow up probes or qualifiers at your discretion. Time frame refers to last two weeks unless stipulated. N.B. The last item, #9, is based on observations of the entire interview.

DEPRESSION: How would you describe your mood over the last two weeks? Do you keep reasonably cheerful or have you been very depressed or low spirited recently? In the last two weeks how often have you (own words) every day? All day?

Absent

Mild Expresses some sadness or discouragement on

Moderate Distinct depressed mood persisting up to half the

time over last 2 weeks: present daily.

Severe Markedly depressed mood persisting daily over half the time interfering with normal motor and

social functioning.

HOPELESSNESS: How do you see the future for yourself? Can you see any future? - or has life seemed quite hopeless? Have you given up or does there still seem some reason for trying?

Absent

Mild Has at times felt hopeless over the last two weeks but still has some degree of hope for the future.

Moderate Persistent, moderate sense of hopelessness over last week. Can be persuaded to acknowledge

possibility of things being better.

3. Severe Persisting and distressing sense of hopelessness.

SELF DEPRECIATION: What is your opinion of your self compared to other people? Do you feel better, not as good, or about the same as others? Do you feel inferior or even worthless?

1. Mild Some inferiority; not amounting to feeling of

worthlessness.

2. Moderate Subject feels worthless, but less than 50% of the

3. Severe Subject feels worthless more than 50% of

the time. May be challenged to acknowledge

GUILTY IDEAS OF REFERENCE: Do you have the feeling that you are being blamed for something or even wrongly accused? What about? (Do not include justifiable blame or accusation. Exclude delusions of guilt.)

0. Absent

Subject feels blamed but not accused less than

2. Moderate Persisting sense of being blamed, and/or occasional sense of being accused. Persistent sense of being accused. When 3. Severe

challenged, acknowledges that it is not so.

PATHOLOGICAL GUILT: Do you tend to blame yourself for little things you may have done in the past? Do you think that you deserve to be so concerned about this?

0. Absent

1. Mild Subject sometimes feels over quilty about some

minor peccadillo, but less than 50% of time.

Subject usually (over 50% of time) feels guilty 2. Moderate about past actions the significance of which he

Subject usually feels s/he is to blame for 3. Severe

everything that has gone wrong, even when not

MORNING DEPRESSION: When you have felt depressed over the last 2 weeks have you noticed the depression being worse at any particular time of day?

Absent No depression.

Mild Depression present but no diurnal variation. 1. Depression spontaneously mentioned to be 2. Moderate

Depression markedly worse in a.m., with impaired 3. Severe

functioning which improves in p.m

EARLY WAKENING: Do you wake earlier in the morning than is normal for you? How many times a week does this happen?

0. Absent No early wakening.

Occasionally wakes (up to twice weekly) 1 hour or Mild more before normal time to wake or alarm time. Often wakes early (up to 5 times weekly) 1 hour or more before normal time to wake or alarm Daily wakes 1 hour or more before normal time.

SUICIDE: Have you felt that life wasn't worth living? Did you ever feel like ending it all? What did you think you might do? Did you

Absent

3. Severe

1.

Mild Frequent thoughts of being better off dead, or

occasional thoughts of suicide

Deliberately considered suicide with a plan, but 2. Moderate

made no attempt.

Suicidal attempt apparently designed to end 3. Severe

in death (i.e.: accidental discovery or inefficient

**OBSERVED DEPRESSION: Based on interviewer's observations** during the entire interview. The question "Do you feel like crying?" used at appropriate points in the interview, may elicit information useful to this observation.

Severe

1. Mild Subject appears sad and mournful even during

parts of the interview, involving affectively neutral

discussion.

Subject appears sad and mournful throughout

the interview, with gloomy monotonous voice

and is tearful or close to tears at times.

Subject chokes on distressing topics, frequently

sighs deeply and cries openly, or is persistently in a state of frozen misery if examiner is sure that

this is present

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